



Mode S SFL

- Enhanced Mode S capability provides Down-Linked Airborne Parameters (DAPs) directly from the cockpit.
 - Magnetic Heading
 - Indicated Air Speed
 - Ground Speed
 - Selected Flight Level / Altitude (SFL)
 - Rate of Climb / Rate of Descent
- Selected Flight Level (SFL) is intent-based information.
 It is the Selected Altitude value entered in the Mode
 Control Panel (MCP)/Flight Control Unit (FCU). SFL
 information is displayed to controllers at the London
 Terminal Control Centre and the Manchester Area
 Control Centre



LAM Stack with Mode S VSL

	LAM		
-	+ ALL	ADD	
180	BAW389R 180	180	
170	BAW947L 170	170	BAMZORR
160			□ HAMKO9 KEM FOR TO 186
150			090 XX 090
140	SAS523 140	140	× SAS523
130			
120	BAW901U 120	120	* MYT()
110	BAW981 110	110	**************************************
100	DLH4706 100	100	*
090	наикоя ояо	XX 0P0	
080	KLM1001 080	080	
070			



Introduction of P-RNAV in the London Terminal Area

- In response to the UK Government's Transport White Paper, P-RNAV procedures will be introduced on a large scale as part of the airspace development in the northern part of the London terminal area (TMA NE).
- Airfields affected: Heathrow, Northolt, Stansted, Luton
 & London City
- Timescale: March 2009*
- P-RNAV not mandated so airspace includes mix of conventional and P-RNAV profiles
- *(subject to consultation with AO's & Airspace Change Process)



Procedures

- SIDs, STARs, Holds and RNAV transitions to the FAF for Stansted, Luton, London City and Northolt. Some P-RNAV SIDs for Heathrow
- Designed to be flown using LNAV & VNAV where applicable

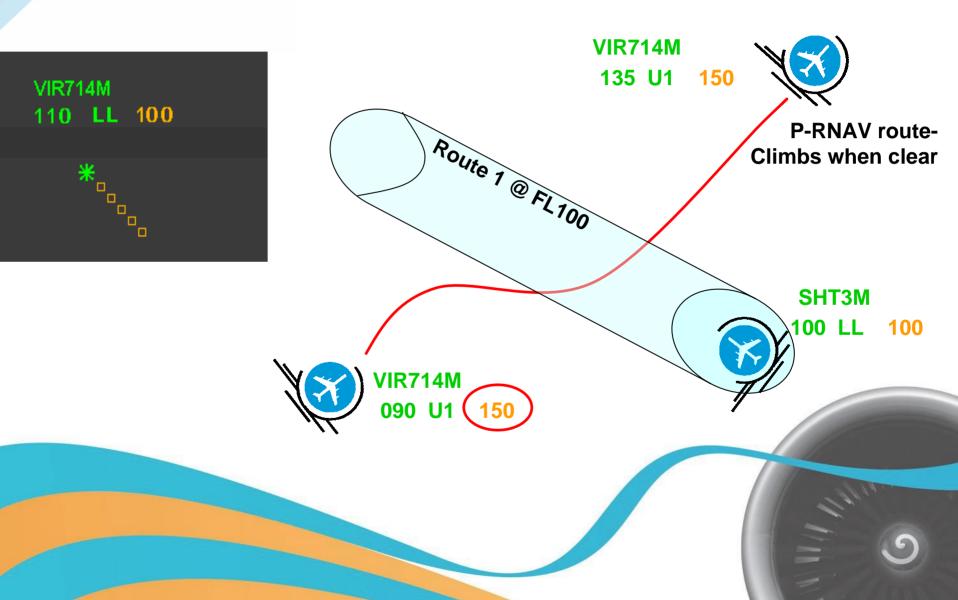


The issues

- Depending on operator SOPs, the Mode S SFL could show the final level of a procedure and not the next 'hard' level and may be misleading
- Particular concern if routes are potentially in conflict
- Frequently will apply to more than one controller for the same pair
- ATC may intervene with possible consequences for the vertical profile
 - i.e. aircraft may not climb at subsequent points
 - Aircraft may be removed from the profile
- Potential to erode confidence in, and effectiveness of, Mode S SFL

?Mode S SFL -v- P-RNAV?







Possible solutions

- 1. Procedural mitigation
 - Robust RTF procedures
 - Controller training
- 2. Change operator SOPs to fly the P-RNAV vertical profile through the MCP/FCU
 - Through mandate
 - Voluntary adoption
- 3. Selective modification of displayed SFL



Proposed solution

 To identify and progress a solution which is within the remit of NATS and which doesn't involve influencing operator SOPS